

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-7 (Cancelled).

Claim 8 (Original): ~~[[A]]The mixture as claimed in claim [[1]]19, further comprising where the ethylene modulators are prohexadione-Ca together with Co⁺⁺ ions.~~

Claim 9 (Previously presented): ~~[[A]]The mixture as claimed in claim [[1]]19~~ which additionally comprises an azole III selected from the group consisting of bromoconazole, cyproconazole, epoxiconazole, fenbuconazole, fluquiconazole, flusilazole, metconazole, myclobutanil, propiconazole, prochloraz, prothioconazole, tebuconazole ~~[[or]]and~~ triticonazole.

Claim 10 (Currently amended): ~~[[A]]The mixture as claimed in claim [[1]]19~~ which additionally comprises a surfactant selected from the group consisting of: polyoxyethylene sorbitan monolaurate, alkylphenoxy polyethoxy ethanol, fatty alcohol, fatty alcohol alkoxylate and sodium dodecylsulfate.

Claim 11 (Currently amended): A method for controlling rust infections in legumes, which comprises treating the above-ground plant parts of the legumes with an aqueous preparation of a mixture as claimed in claim ~~[[1]]19~~.

Claim 12 (Currently amended): ~~A process~~The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein rust infection on leaves and fruits of soya plants is controlled.

Claim 13 (Currently amended): ~~A process~~The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the rust infection is caused by *Phakopsora pachyrhizi* and/or *Phakopsora meibomiae*.

Claim 14 (Currently amended): A process for increasing the yield and quality of legumes by using mixtures as claimed in claim ~~[[1]]19~~.

Claim 15 (Currently amended): A method for increasing the yield and quality of legumes applying an effective amount of a mixture as claimed in claim [[1]]19.

Claim 16 (Currently amended): A method for reducing the ethylene evolution of plants by applying an effective amount of a mixture as claimed in claim [[1]]19.

Claim 17 (Currently amended): A method for reducing undesired defoliation of crop plants by applying an effective amount of a mixture as claimed in claim [[1]]19.

Claim 18 (Original): A method for controlling harmful plant pathogens by applying an effective amount of Co^{++} ions in plant-available form.

Claim 19 (New): A mixture, comprising pyraclostrobin and prohexadione-Ca in a weight ratio of from 20:1 to 0.05:1.